

LEVEL 2 Referee Examination for Squash South Africa



FILL IN ONLY THE ANSWER SHEET. DO NOT WRITE ON THIS FORM.

Based on PAR Scoring to 11

Pass Mark 85%

SECTION A

- 1) What is the Marker's call when a player: (5 marks)
 - a) Serves the ball onto the Service Line?
 - b) Hits the ball into the "tin"?
 - c) Fails to return the ball before it bounces twice on the floor?
 - d) Hits the ball twice (double hit) when striking the ball?
 - e) Hits the ball on or above the out-line?
- 2) In a match, there is a single official. He calls the ball down. The player appeals the call. Is the official permitted to change his decision on appeal? (1 mark)
- 3) Stephen Coppinger from Kwa-zulu Natal and Shaun Le Roux from Western Province are playing in the "SA Squash Nationals" final. Le Roux has won the serve. How does the Marker announce the start of the match? (1 mark)
- 4) The receiver wins the rally which takes the score to 10-all. How does the Marker announce this? (1 mark)
- 5) The server wins the rally which takes the score to 10-8 in the first game. How does the Marker announce the score? (1 mark)
- 6) The score is 5-2 to Waters and on appeal from Tucker, the Referee has awarded a let. What is the correct way for the Marker to call the score? (1 mark)
- 7) The score is 8-7 to Le Roux who appeals for interference. The Referee awards a no let. What is the correct way for the Marker to call the score? (1 mark)
- 8) At the end of a rally in which the server, Coppinger, was losing 5-10 in the first game, the Referee awards a stroke to the receiver, Potgieter. What is the correct sequence of calls for the Marker to make? (1 mark)
- 9) Potgieter is leading 10-8 in the third game having won the first two games 11-7 and 11-8. What is the correct sequence of calls for the Marker to make when Potgieter wins the next point? (1 mark)
- 10) What should the Referee call (2 marks)
 - a) shortly before the end of the rest interval between games to warn the players to prepare to play?
 - b) at the end of the rest interval between games?
- 11) What is the correct call a Referee should make after two and a half minutes in the warm-up? (1 mark)
- 12) Coppinger appeals for interference in a game against Potgieter. What should the Referee call if he awards a stroke? (1 mark)

- 13) If the player thinks (2 marks)
 - a) the Marker has made a mistake, to whom may he appeal?
 - b) the Referee has made a wrong decision, to whom may he appeal?
- 14) In a rally between Le Roux and Coppinger, the Referee is sure that Le Roux has hit the ball down but the Marker has not made a call. What must the Referee do? (1 mark)
- 15) If a player claims not to have heard the Referee's calls of "15 seconds" and "Time", can the player appeal against any conduct warnings or penalties that the Referee may issue? Give a reason for your answer. (1 mark)
- 16) What would constitute an unfair warm-up? (1 mark)
- 17) Fuller is serving at 6-5. She throws the ball to serve and tries twice to hit but misses. What should the Marker say? (1 mark)
- 18) Tucker serves and the ball hits the side wall before hitting the front wall above the service line and then lands in the correct back quarter of the court. Is it a good service? (1 mark)
- 19) Waters serves with one foot touching the line bounding the service box and her other foot in the air above the box. What is the Marker's call? (1 mark)
- 20) Coppinger indicates with his arm up that he is not ready to receive the serve and appeals for a let but he then plays a winner. What is the correct ruling from the Referee? (1 mark)
- 21) At 3-all, the Marker calls "Fault" to the service. The server appeals to the Referee.(4 marks)
 - a) What is the Referee's decision if he agrees that the service was good?
 - b) How does the Marker announce this decision?
 - c) What is the Referee's decision if he thinks the serve was a fault?
 - d) How does the Marker announce this decision?
- 22) Potgieter indicates with his arm that he is not ready to receive the serve and appeals for a let but Potgieter didn't see that Coppinger had served a fault serve. What is the correct ruling from the Marker/Referee? (1 mark)
- 23) How long is the interval (2 marks)
 - a) Between the end of the warm-up and the start of the match?
 - b) Between the fourth and fifth games?
- 24) What is the maximum time a player is allowed to replace damaged equipment (e.g. broken protective eyewear, snapped strings)? (1 mark)
- 25) If the Marker fails to make a call can the player appeal to the Referee? (1 mark)
- 26) If the player disagrees with the Referee's decision, to whom may he appeal? (1 mark)
- 27) Tucker serves the ball which is very close to the service line. The Marker makes no call and the Referee is also uncertain if the service was good or not. Tucker's opponent, Fuller, appeals. What is the Referee's decision? (1 mark)
- 28) Le Roux plays a winning return which the Marker calls down. Le Roux appeals to the Referee who is sure that the return was good. What is the correct ruling from the Referee? (1 mark)

- 29) Coppinger completes a rally that he loses. He then appeals to the Referee about a shot from Mohohlo earlier in the rally that he thinks was not up. The Referee is uncertain if the shot was good or not. What is the correct ruling from the Referee? (1 mark)
- 30) During a rally, Tucker feels that Landman's forehand was down but the Marker did not call it. Tucker appeals immediately but the Referee disagrees with Tucker. What is the correct ruling from the Referee? (1 mark)
- 31) If the ball breaks during a rally, what is the correct ruling from the Referee? (1 mark)
- 32) Waters stops during a rally with Tucker to appeal that the ball is broken. On inspection, it is found that the ball is not broken. What is the correct ruling from the Referee? (1 mark)
- 33) Potgieter drops his racket in the middle of rally. He then picks it up and plays on. Is he allowed to do this? (1 mark)
- 34) In the middle of a rally, a cellphone drops from Mohohlo's pocket without any contact with Le Roux. What is the Referee's decision? (1 mark)
- 35) Landman serves the ball which strikes the top edge of the glassback wall. The ball bounces back into the playing area and Tucker subsequently hits the ball into the tin. To whom must the Referee award the rally? (1 mark)
- 36) During a long rally, Waters hits a low cross court drive, which was a good return, but as she hit the ball, the racket was out of her hand. Is this a good return? (1 mark)
- 37) What are the four requirements a player must provide to his opponent after hitting the ball and making every effort to clear his shot? (4 marks)

Section B

- 1) Is Waters allowed a straight path back to the T after playing her shot?
 - A. Yes
 - B. No
 - C. Only in certain circumstances
- 2) Coppinger is making every effort to get to and play the ball but Le Roux is in his direct line to the ball. How must Coppinger appeal?
 - A. Please
 - B. Let, please
 - C. Stroke, please
- 3) In a crowded situation, Coppinger bumps Le Roux with his backswing while taking his racket back. He could have stopped but seizes the opportunity to attack and tins the ball. On seeing that his ball is down, Coppinger appeals to the Referee saying, "Let please, backswing". What must the Referee's decision be?
 - A. No Let
 - B. Yes Let
 - C. Stroke to Coppinger
- 4) Tucker strikes the ball. Landman immediately requests a let and then the ball hits the tin. What is the correct ruling from the Referee?
 - A. Award the rally to Tucker
 - B. Play a let
 - C. Award the rally to Landman
- 5) Potgieter looks to volley the ball, is passed by a wide crosscourt from Coppinger. He spins around and races back to flick the ball off the back wall but stops because he fears he might hit Coppinger. Potgieter appeals. What must the Referee's decision be?
 - A. No Let
 - B. Yes Let
 - C. Stroke to Potgieter
- 6) Waters plays a shot and as she clears, Fuller runs into her trying to get to the ball. Fuller appeals to the Referee who does not think that Fuller would have been able to make a good return. What must the Referee's decision be?
 - A. No Let
 - B. Yes Let
 - C. Stroke to Fuller
- 7) In attempting to get to the ball, Le Roux slightly touches Brits. Le Roux could still have got to the ball and made a good return but makes no effort to do so and instead, he appeals to the Referee. What must the Referee's decision be?
 - A. No Let
 - B. Yes Let
 - C. Stroke to Le Roux
- 8) Tucker plays a shot but then makes little effort to avoid interference with her opponent, Landman. Landman would have been able to make a good return and appeals to the Referee. What must the Referee's decision be?
 - A. No Let
 - B. Yes Let
 - C. Stroke to Landman
- 9) Waters plays a loose trickle boast in the front of the court but her body is shielding the view of the ball from Fuller who was just behind the T. As Waters makes every effort to clear the shot, Fuller appeals to the Referee who thinks that Fuller would have been able to make a good return had she had a fair view of the ball. What must the Referee's decision be?
 - A. No Let
 - B. Yes Let
 - C. Stroke to Fuller
- 10) Brits makes every effort to get to and play the ball but takes an indirect line and runs into Potgieter. Brits appeals to the Referee. What must the Referee's decision be?
 - A. No Let
 - B. Yes Let
 - C. Stroke to Brits
- 11) Potgieter fakes a shot and wrong-foots Brits, sending him the wrong way. Brits recovers and would be able to get to and play the ball but experiences interference from Potgieter. Brits appeals to the Referee who thinks that Brits would have been able to make a winning return. What must the Referee's decision be?
 - A. No Let
 - B. Yes Let
 - C. Stroke to Brits

- 12) Tucker plays a boast from the front of the court. Waters sees the ball in plenty of time, however, she continues to run into Tucker, making no effort to get to and play the ball. Waters appeals to the Referee saying, "Let please, I could have easily got to the ball". What must the Referee's decision be?
 A. No Let B. Yes Let C. Stroke to Waters
- 13) Potgieter hits a shot down the right hand side of the court. Coppinger was anticipating a shot down the left hand side. Coppinger runs into Potgieter and pushes off him to change direction. Coppinger then appeals to the Referee. What must the Referee's decision be?
 A. No Let B. Yes Let C. Stroke to Coppinger
- 14) Tucker hits a loose straight shot down the right hand wall at shoulder height and does not move. Landman moves from the "T" to volley and collides with Tucker. Landman appeals and the Referee thinks she would have easily been able to play the shot without the interference. What must the Referee's decision be?
 A. No Let B. Yes Let C. Stroke to Landman
- 15) Mohohlo hits a short drive to the backhand (left) side of the court. The ball bounces about 2 metres short of the short line. Brits' direct access to the ball is blocked by Mohohlo as he makes every effort to get to and play the ball. Brits then asks for a let. What is the Referee's decision?
 A. No Let B. Yes Let C. Stroke to Brits
- 16) As Fuller goes to hit the ball, her opponent, Waters, appeals for backswing. What must the Referee's decision be?
 A. No Let B. Yes Let C. Stroke to Waters
- 17) Le Roux is mid-court and, on swinging to play his shot, catches his racket on Coppinger. The shot would not have been a winning return but the contact affected the shot. Le Roux appeals immediately after the interference. What must the Referee's decision be?
 A. No Let B. Yes Let C. Stroke to Le Roux
- 18) Tucker is mid-court and on swinging to play her shot, hits Landman, causing her ball to hit the tin. Tucker appeals immediately after hitting Landman. The Referee thinks the shot would have been a good return. What must the Referee's decision be?
 A. No Let B. Yes Let C. Stroke to Tucker
- 19) Brits plays a loose ball into the middle of court. Potgieter moves to make himself big, extending his racket beyond his usual reasonable swing causing interference. Potgieter appeals to the Referee. The Referee thinks that Potgieter's swing was excessive. What must the Referee's decision be?
 A. No Let B. Yes Let C. Stroke to Potgieter
- 20) Fuller hits the ball directly to the front wall. It would not have gone up but it hits Waters. What must the Referee's decision be?
 A. No Let B. Yes Let C. Stroke to Fuller
- 21) Potgieter shapes to hit a boast but stops before playing the shot and appeals to the Referee as Coppinger is standing between him and the side wall. The shot would have been a good return. What must the Referee's decision be?
 A. No Let B. Yes Let C. Stroke to Potgieter
- 22) Le Roux, having missed the ball the first time, hits a winning return on second attempt. Coppinger appeals to the Referee because of the further attempt. What must the Referee's decision be?
 A. No Let B. Yes Let C. Stroke to Coppinger

- 23) Landman swings at the ball and misses. She then makes a second attempt to strike the ball which hits Fuller. The shot would have been a good return and was heading directly to the front wall. What must the Referee's decision be?
 A. No Let B. Yes Let C. Stroke to Landman
- 24) Brits attempts to play the ball but misses on the first attempt. On the second attempt, he cannot hit the ball for fear of hitting Mohohlo who, although having made every effort to get out of the way, is still in the way of Brits' swing. What must the Referee's decision be?
 A. No Let B. Yes Let C. Stroke to Brits
- 25) Waters turns to hit the ball but before playing the shot, which would have been a good return, she stops and appeals because she is afraid of hitting Tucker with the ball. What must the Referee's decision be?
 A. No Let B. Yes Let C. Stroke to Waters
- 26) Coppinger turns to hit the ball but before playing the shot, which would have been a good return, he stops and appeals because Potgieter is preventing his swing. What must the Referee's decision be?
 A. No Let B. Yes Let C. Stroke to Coppinger
- 27) Tucker plays a very loose shot down the court. Landman lets it pass her on her forehand side and pass behind her before hitting it as it rebounds off the back wall on her backhand. Landman had thought that Tucker had moved clear but her shots hits Tucker going directly to the front wall. What must the Referee's decision be?
 A. Yes Let B. Stroke to Tucker C. Stroke to Landman
- 28) Coppinger boasts a ball, which would have been up but it rebounds into Brits after hitting the side wall on its way to the front wall. Coppinger appeals. What must the Referee's decision be?
 A. No Let B. Yes Let C. Stroke to Coppinger
- 29) Waters shapes to play the ball but decides to take it off the back wall instead. She then hits the ball directly to the front wall but it strikes Landman. The Referee thinks it would have been a good return. What must the Referee's decision be?
 A. No Let B. Yes Let C. Stroke to Waters
- 30) Potgieter is mid-court with Le Roux stuck on the back wall. Potgieter shapes to volley the ball but at the last second, he lets it go through and the ball hits Le Roux. The Referee thinks Potgieter would have been able to make a good return directly to the front wall. What must the Referee's decision be?
 A. No Let B. Yes Let C. Stroke to Potgieter
- 31) As Tucker is about to play her shot, a loud beeping sound is heard from the gallery which the Referee sees has distracted her. She appeals to the Referee. What must the Referee's decision be?
 A. No Let B. Yes Let C. Stroke to Tucker
- 32) During a rally, Brits plays a shot. He thinks he has hit the ball out and accidentally shrieks at himself for making an error but the ball drops in. Le Roux appeals immediately for distraction. What must the Referee's decision be?
 A. No Let B. Yes Let C. Stroke to Le Roux

Section C

- 1) Potgieter gets cramp during a match and finds he has to stop play. What must the Referee do?
 - A. Allow Potgieter 3 minutes
 - B. Tell Potgieter he must continue play immediately or concede the game to Brits and take 90 seconds
 - C. Tell Potgieter he must continue play immediately or concede the game to Brits and take 15 minutes

- 2) During a rally, Tucker becomes breathless and asks the Referee if she can leave the court to use her inhaler. What must the Referee do?
 - A. Allow Tucker a reasonable time to take her inhaler
 - B. Allow Tucker 3 minutes
 - C. Award the game to Landman and give Tucker 90 seconds

- 3) During a game between Mohohlo and Potgieter, Potgieter vomits on the court. What action must the Referee take?
 - A. Move the match to the next available court and continue where the match left off
 - B. Ask the Tournament Organiser to arrange for the court to be cleaned so the match can be resumed as soon as possible
 - C. Award the match to Mohohlo

- 4) During play, Potgieter bangs his shoulder into Mohohlo. Potgieter then drops to the floor grabbing his leg. The Referee does not think that Potgieter is genuinely injured. What action must the Referee take?
 - A. Allow Potgieter 3 minutes to recover and then resume play
 - B. Advise the player he can resume play immediately or concede the game in progress and take 90 seconds
 - C. Allow Potgieter 15 minutes to recover and then resume play

- 5) While running for the ball Waters trips over her own feet and twists her ankle. What action must the Referee take?
 - A. Allow 3 minutes then require Waters to resume play or concede one game and then either resume play or concede the match
 - B. Allow 15 minutes then require Waters to resume play or concede one game and then either resume play or concede the match
 - C. Allow 30 minutes then require Waters to resume play or concede one game and then either resume play or concede the match

- 6) During the third game, Waters stops playing and requests an injury break for her ankle which she twisted earlier in the match. Having already received 3 minutes recovery time for her twisted ankle, what action must the Referee take?
 - A. Allow Waters an additional 3 minutes recovery time then require her to resume play or concede the match
 - B. Advise the Waters she can either resume play immediately or concede the game in progress and take 90 seconds
 - C. Advise Waters that she is allowed no further injury breaks

- 7) During an accidental collision between Tucker and Landman, Tucker sustains an injury that requires treatment. What action must the Referee take?
 - A. Allow Tucker 3 minutes to recover and, if not then ready to resume play, must concede that game and take the 90-second interval between games for further recovery
 - B. Allow Tucker 15 minutes to recover (this may be extended by a further 15 minutes at the discretion of the Referee) and if unable to continue play, award the match to Landman
 - C. Allow Tucker 15 minutes to recover (this may be extended by a further 15 minutes at the discretion of the Referee) and if unable to continue play, award the match to Tucker

- 8) During a rally, Potgieter uses an excessive swing to play a shot and hits Coppinger in the face causing his cheek to swell up. The Referee deems this to be an accidental opponent-inflicted injury. What action must the Referee take?
- A. Allow Coppinger 15 minutes to recover. If he is then unable to resume play, award the match to Coppinger
 - B. Allow Coppinger 15 minutes to recover. If he is then unable to resume play, award the match to Potgieter
 - C. If Coppinger requires any recovery time, award the match to Coppinger
- 9) During a rally, Le Roux suffers from bleeding which stains his clothing. Is he permitted to continue play without changing into fresh clothing?
- A. Yes
 - B. No
 - C. Only if he doesn't have a fresh shirt to change into
- 10) During the first game in a match, Potgieter dives across the court to hit a shot scraping his knee on the floor as he does so. The Referee notices that this has caused his knee to bleed. What action must the Referee take?
- A. Wait for the rally to finish and then allow Potgieter reasonable time to stop the bleeding.
 - B. Stop play immediately and then allow Potgieter reasonable time to stop the bleeding.
 - C. Allow the game to finish and inform Potgieter to stop the bleeding in between games.
- 11) During the second game in the match, the Referee notices that the bandage Potgieter has applied to stop the bleeding from the first game is insufficient and blood is once again visible. What action must the Referee take?
- A. Wait for the rally to finish and then advise Potgieter he must concede the game in progress and use the 90-second interval between games for further treatment. If the bleeding has not then stopped, he must concede the match.
 - B. Stop play immediately and then advise Potgieter he must concede the game in progress and use the 90-second interval between games for further treatment. If the bleeding has not then stopped, he must concede the match.
 - C. Advise Potgieter he must concede the match.
- 12) When can a Referee be replaced during a match?
- A. Never
 - B. When one player requests a new Referee
 - C. When both players request a new Referee
- 13) Can a player leave the court without the permission of the Referee?
- A. Yes
 - B. No
 - C. Only if they need to run to the toilet to vomit
- 14) Conduct penalties are only imposed for serious offences during national and PSA tournaments. They should not be used for local tournaments, leagues and friendly games. Is this statement correct?
- A. Yes
 - B. No
 - C. Conduct penalties can be used for local tournaments, leagues and friendly games at the discretion of the players involved

- 15) In a match between Potgieter and Le Roux, the Referee awards a stroke to Potgieter. Le Roux flies into a rage, throws his racket across the floor and yells and swears at the Referee informing him that he is the worst Referee he has ever seen. What action must the Referee take?
- A. None. Taking action will just further inflame the situation
 - B. Award a Conduct Stroke against Le Roux for racket abuse, verbal abuse and dissent
 - C. Award a Conduct Match against Le Roux for racket abuse, verbal abuse and dissent
- 16) Fuller is 10 seconds late back on to court after the first game interval. What action must the Referee take?
- A. None
 - B. Issue a Conduct Warning for time wasting
 - C. Issue a Conduct Game for time wasting
- 17) Having already been late back on to court after the first game, Fuller arrives 30 seconds late back on to court for the second game. She claims to not have heard the Referee call time. What action must the Referee take?
- A. None as Fuller could not hear the Referee
 - B. Issue a second Conduct Warning for time wasting
 - C. Award Conduct Stroke against Fuller for time wasting
- 18) The Referee has already awarded a conduct stroke against Le Roux for racket abuse in the first game. In the second game, Le Roux once again throws his racket across the court. What penalties can the Referee now impose?
- A. A Conduct Warning to Le Roux
 - B. A Conduct Stroke, Conduct Game or Conduct Match against Le Roux
 - C. He must impose a Conduct Game against Le Roux

LEVEL 2 Referee Examination Answer Sheet Squash South Africa

NAME: _____ CELL: _____

E-MAIL: _____

PROVINCE: _____ CLUB: _____

Section A

1 a)		18	
1 b)		19	
1 c)		20	
1 d)		21 a)	
1 e)		21 b)	
2		21 c)	
3		21 d)	
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		23 a)	
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10 a)		33	
10 b)		34	
11		35	
12		36	
13 a)		37 i.	
13 b)			
14		37 ii.	
15		37 iii.	
16		37 iv.	
	17		

Section B				Section C			
	A	B	C		A	B	C
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2				2			
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20							
21							
22				Section A			/50
23				Section B			/32
24				Section C			/18
25				Total			/100
26							
27				Pass			
28				Fail			
29							
30							
31							
32							